

COVID-19: Data Update for Leicestershire

Week 41

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Produced by the Strategic Business Intelligence Team at Leicestershire County Council.

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What have we learnt from the newly released Covid-19 data?

A series of publicly available dashboards examining Covid-19 cases, deaths involving Covid-19 and a district summary are available at the below links. A summary narrative to support the data in these dashboards then follows.

- Deaths involving Covid-19
- Covid-19 Summary at District Level
- PHE Weekly Covid-19 Cases

1. One death¹ involving Covid-19 was recorded in Leicestershire in the last week.

- As of week 41 2020 (up to 9th October), there have been a total of 550 deaths in Leicestershire.
 The number of weekly counts of deaths has remained the same at one death since the previous week.
- Of all deaths involving Covid-19 in Leicestershire, 340 (61.8%) were in hospital and 172 (31.3%) were in a care home.
- In week 41, there was one death in a hospital in the past week, this occurred in Melton.

¹ Death counts are based on death occurrences. The death is counted as involving Covid-19 if Covid-19 was mentioned on the death certificate. Please note, Covid-19 may not have been confirmed by a test. Source: Office for National Statistics (2019)

Deaths (numbers) by local authority and place of death, for deaths that occurred up to 9th October but were registered up to 17th October.

	Care Home		Elsewhere		Home		Hospice		Hospital		Total				Dec. Latin
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	LCI	UCI	Population
Blaby	21	20.9	1	1.0	4	4.0	1	1.0	58	57.8	85	84.6	67.6	104.7	100421
Charnwood	40	21.9	1	0.5	3	1.6	4	2.2	79	43.3	127	69.5	58.0	82.7	182643
Harborough	22	23.8	0	0.0	4	4.3	1	1.1	37	40.0	64	69.2	53.3	88.4	92499
H&B	41	36.5	0	0.0	4	3.6	5	4.4	58	51.6	108	96.1	78.8	116.0	112423
Melton	17	33.3	0	0.0	2	3.9	0	0.0	16	31.3	35	68.5	47.7	95.3	51100
NWLeics	15	14.7	0	0.0	5	4.9	1	1.0	46	45.0	67	65.6	50.8	83.3	102126
O&W	16	28.0	2	3.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	46	80.6	64	112.2	86.4	143.2	57056
Leicestershire	172	24.6	4	0.6	22	3.2	12	1.7	340	48.7	550	78.8	72.3	85.6	698268
Rutland	8	20.2	0	0.0	3	7.6	2	5.0	11	27.7	24	60.5	38.7	90.0	39697
Leicester City	76	21.4	13	3.7	20	5.6	2	0.6	227	63.9	338	95.2	85.3	105.9	355218
LLR	256	23.4	17	1.6	45	4.1	16	1.5	578	52.9	912	83.4	78.1	89.0	1093183

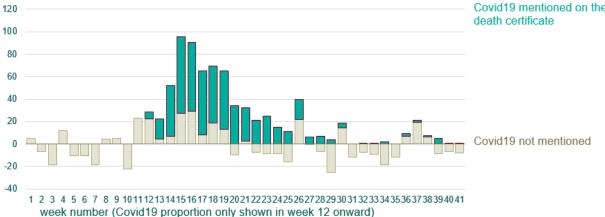
2. No excess deaths were recorded in the last week in Leicestershire

- Counts of excess deaths in Leicestershire have shown a declining trend (albeit with a small blips in week 30, week 36 and week 37), there was an increase in all deaths seen in week 41 compared to the previous week. The latest figures from ONS show that 125 deaths occurred in Leicestershire in week 41 of 2020. There have been no excess deaths reported in the last week.
- The latest weeks data shows there was one death that mentioned Covid-19 on the death certificate in week 41.

Weekly provisional figures on deaths occurring, minus the weekly average (2015 to 2019) plus death counts where coronavirus (COVID-19) was mentioned on the death certificate

Leicestershire

Covid19 mentioned on the



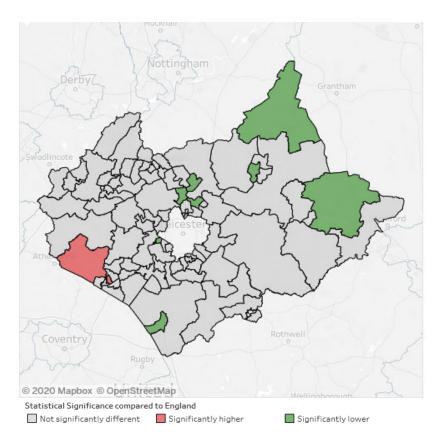
Covid-19 - Weekly occurences
Based on a chart by David Spiegelhalter

https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/birthsdeathsandmarriages/deaths/datasets/weeklyprovisionalfiguresondeathsregisteredinenglandandwales

3. Two areas in Hinckley and Bosworth have a significantly higher percentage of deaths involving Covid-19 than the national percentage

- The map below examines the statistical significance compared to England, of the percentage of deaths involving Covid-19 by Middle Layer Super Output Area (MSOA) in Leicestershire and Rutland. These deaths occurred between 1st March and 31st July 2020 and were registered by 15th August 2020.
- Stoke Golding, Higham and Fenny Drayton in Hinckley and Bosworth recorded 16 deaths involving Covid-19 in this time period, this represented 38.1% of all deaths. Hinckley Central, also in Hinckley and Bosworth recorded 20 deaths involving Covid-19 and represented 32.3% of all deaths. Nationally, deaths involving Covid-19 made up under a quarter (20.2%) of all deaths.
- Eight MSOAs in Leicestershire and Rutland have a significantly lower percentage of deaths involving Covid-19 compared to England. These are:
 - Bottesford, Harby& Croxton Kerrial in Melton (4, 8.5%)
 - Lutterworth in Harborough (4, 7.8%)
 - Mountsorrel & Rothley in Charnwood (3, 7.1%)
 - Sileby in Charnwood (1, 3.6%)
 - Syston West in Charnwood (1, 3.4%)
 - Leicester Forest East in Blaby (1, 3.3%)
 - Market Overton, Cottesmore and Empingham in Rutland (0, 0.0%)
 - Melton Mowbray West in Melton (1, 2.4%)
- Further data examining deaths involving Covid-19 by local area is available in the dashboard available at this link.

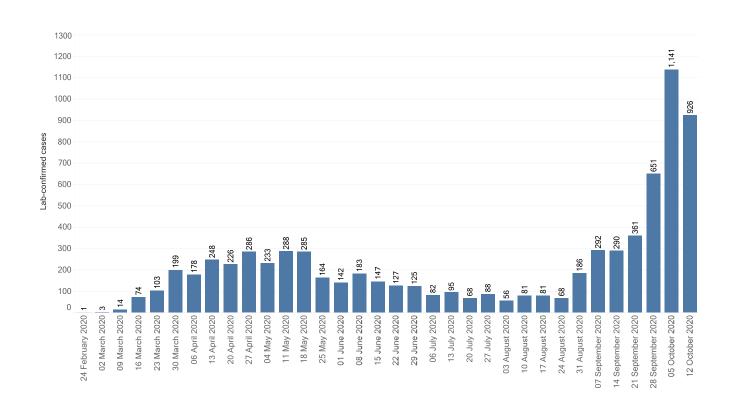
Statistical Significance compared to England of the deaths involving Covid-19 by Middle Layer Super Output Area, Leicestershire and Rutland, deaths occurring between 1st March 2020 and 31st July 2020



4. Weekly counts of cases have decreased in the past week in Leicestershire

NOTE: The methodology for reporting positive cases changed on 2nd July 2020 to remove duplicates within and across pillars 1 and 2, to ensure that a person who tests positive is only counted once. Due to this change, all historic data has now been revised. Numbers of lab-confirmed positive cases now include those identified by testing in all settings (pillars 1 and 2)

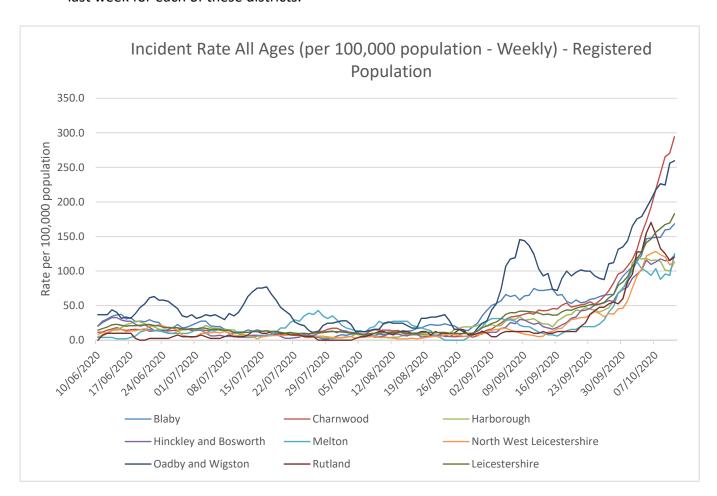
- As of 18th October, Leicestershire has recorded a total of 7,492 lab-confirmed cases of Covid-19.
 This data relates to pillar 1 and 2 cases.
- The weekly aggregation of daily cases in Leicestershire shows the counts of cases showed an increasing trend throughout March and April. A peak in weekly counts was witnessed between the end of April and middle of May. Counts of cases had been showing a decreasing trend from the middle of May towards the beginning of August. An increase in the counts of cases has been witnessed from the end of August and throughout September. A peak in the counts of cases occurred at the beginning of October and has since decreased in the last week.
- The latest weekly data shows 926 cases have been confirmed in Leicestershire in the last week. This count has decreased compared to the previous week where 1,141 cases were confirmed.



5. Charnwood and Oadby and Wigston have the highest weekly incidence rates of Covid-19 cases for people all ages in the county

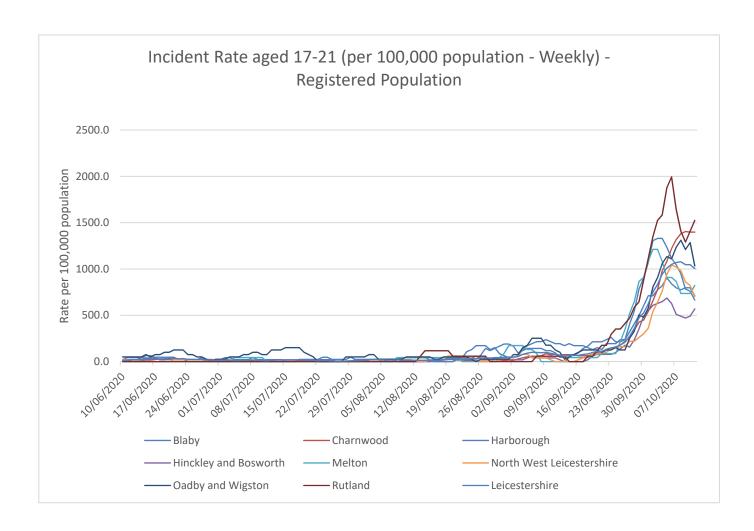
- The incidence rate for Covid-19 cases in Leicestershire has been increasing since mid-September
 The incidence rate in Leicestershire is now higher (183.0 per 100,000 population) than the
 national rate of (168.7 per 100,000 population) as of 11th October, it should be noted that the
 national rate has also continued to increase.
- There have been five peaks in the incidence rate for Covid-19 in Oadby and Wigston, one around mid-July, three smaller ones through August and one in mid-September.

 Charnwood has witnessed one peak in the incidence rate for Covid-19 around mid-September.
- The latest weekly incidence rate (as of 11th October) shows that Charnwood (294.3 per 100,000 population) and Oadby & Wigston (259.6 per 100,000 population) have higher rates than the national (168.7 per 100,000). This equates to 547 and 148 confirmed cases respectively in the last week for each of these districts.



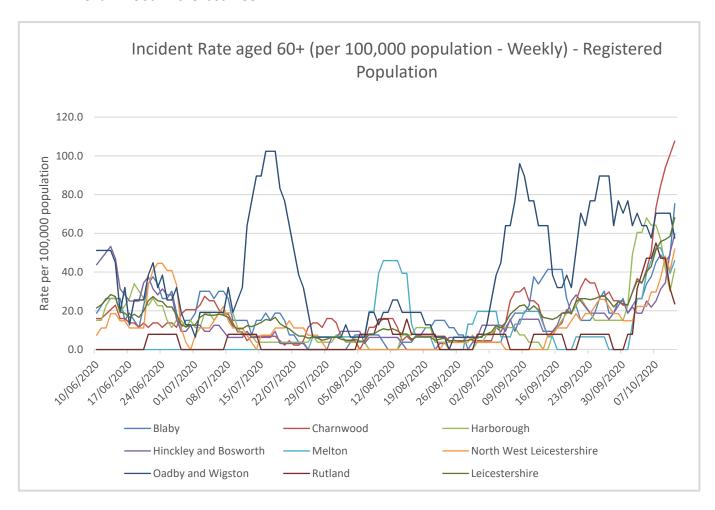
6. Charnwood and Oadby and Wigston have the highest weekly incidence rates of Covid-19 cases for people aged 17-21 in the county.

- The incidence rate for Covid-19 cases in people aged 17-21 in Leicestershire has been increasing since mid-September. As of 11th October, the rate for Leicestershire (1004.7 per 100,000 population) is higher than the national rate for this age group (622.7 per 100,000 population).
- The incidence rate of Covid-19 cases in people aged 17-21 in Charnwood has continued to rise since mid-September and peaked around the first week of October.
- The latest weekly incidence rate of Covid-19 cases for people aged 17-21 (as of 11th October) shows that Charnwood (1398.6 per 100,000 population) and Oadby & Wigston (1033.3 per 100,000 population) have higher rates than England (622.7 per 100,000). This equates to 243 and 41 confirmed cases in the last week for each of these districts respectively.



7. Charnwood has the highest weekly incidence rates of Covid-19 cases for people aged 60+ in the county.

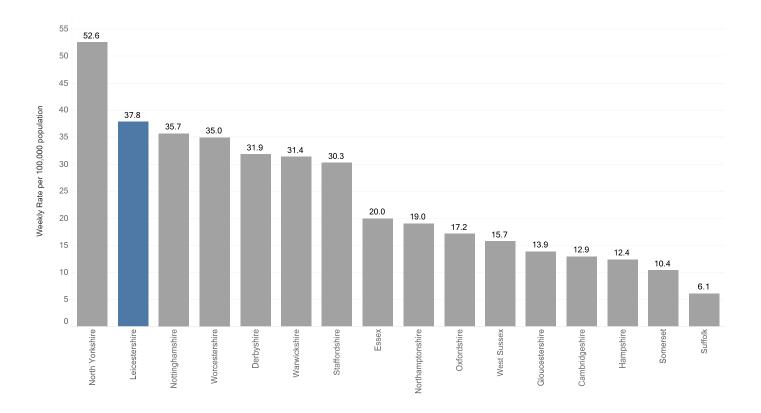
- The incidence rate for Covid-19 cases in people aged 60+in Leicestershire has been increasing since the end of September. Although the rate for Leicestershire (68.1 per 100,000 population) remains below the national rate (97.1 per 100,000 population) as of 11th October, it should be noted that the national rate has also continued to increase.
- The incidence rate for Covid-19 cases in people aged 60+ in Charnwood district has continued to rise since the end of September. The latest weekly incidence rate of Covid-19 cases for people aged 60+ (as of 11th October) shows that Charnwood (107.6 per 100,000 population) is higher than the national rate (97.1 per 100,000) for this age group. This equates to 47 confirmed cases in Charnwood in the last week.



8. Leicestershire has the 2nd highest weekly rate of Covid-19 cases out of its CIPFA similar areas

Public Health England weekly Covid-19 rates have not been updated for week 41, the following narrative relates to week 39.

- There has been an increase in the weekly rate of Covid-19 cases in Leicestershire from 32.7 (per 100,000 population) in week 38 to 37.8 (per 100,000 population) in week 39. As of week 39 (21st September-27th September), Leicestershire is ranked 70th (highest) out of 149 upper tier local authorities and ranked the 2nd highest out of its CIPFA similar areas after North Yorkshire.
- The cumulative rate of Covid-19 cases in Leicestershire has increased from 623.8 (per 100,000 population) in week 38 to 669.4 (per 100,000 population) in week 39. As of week 39, Leicestershire is ranked 59th (highest) out of 149 upper tier local authorities and ranked 2nd highest out of its CIPFA similar areas after Northamptonshire.

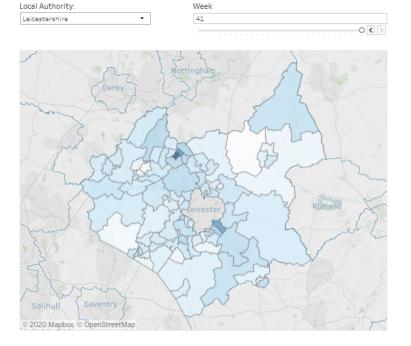


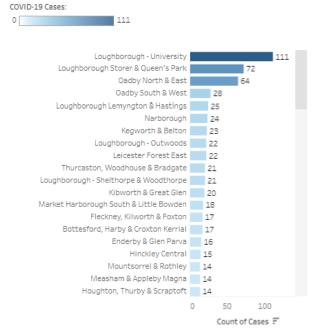
9. The MSOA with the highest count of Covid-19 cases was in Loughborough – University in the last week

- Between 4th October to 11th October (week 41), the MSOA with the highest count of confirmed cases of Covid-19 were found in Loughborough – University with 111 reported cases. This was followed by:
 - Loughborough Storer & Queen's Park (72)
 - Oadby North & East (64)
 - Oadby South & West (28)
 - Loughborough Lemyngton & Hastings (25)
 - Narborough (24)
 - Kegworth & Belton (23)
 - Loughborough Outwoods (22), Leicester Forest East (22)
 - Thurcaston, Woodhouse & Bradgate (21), Loughborough Shelthorpe & Woodthorpe
 (21)
 - o Kibworth & Great Glen (20)
- All other areas recorded below 20 cases in the last week.
- Areas that recorded between zero and two cases in the last week have been suppressed due to data disclosure and are represented as white in the map below.

Weekly Counts of Lab-confirmed Covid-19 cases by Middle Layer Super Output Area, Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland, from Week 11 to Week 41







10. District Level Summary

- **Oadby & Wigston** continues to have the highest rate of Covid-19 cases and deaths in the county. The rate of cumulative cases is significantly higher in comparison to the England average.
- The weekly counts of cases saw three peaks one in mid-May, one in mid-July and another at the beginning of September. There is also a peak in early October.
- The weekly counts of cases have decreased from 129 in w/c 5th October to 115 in w/c 12th October.
- The latest weeks data on death occurrences shows no deaths involving Covid-19 were recorded in Oadby & Wigston from week 27 to week 41.
- Hinckley & Bosworth has the fourth highest rate of Covid-19 cases and second highest rate of
 deaths in the county. The rate of cumulative cases is significantly lower compared to the England
 average.
- The weekly counts of cases saw a peak in late April with second peak on 8th June (57 cases). After this the weekly counts of cases had fluctuated, until the end of August and having since then shown an increasing trend. The latest weekly counts of cases have decreased, from 133 in w/c 5th October to 96 in w/c 12th October.
- The latest weeks data shows no deaths involving Covid-19 in Hinckley & Bosworth in week 41.
- **Blaby** has the third highest rate of Covid-19 cases in the county and third highest rate of deaths. The rate of cumulative cases is significantly higher in comparison to the England average.
- The weekly counts of cases saw a peak before the middle of May and a smaller peak at the beginning of June. Since then, a further peak has been witnessed in the beginning of October.
 The latest weekly counts of cases have decreased from 151 in w/c 5th October to 129 in w/c 12th October.
- The latest weeks data shows there were no deaths involving Covid-19 in Blaby in week 41.
- **Harborough** has the third lowest rate of Covid-19 cases and third lowest rate of deaths in the county. The rate of cumulative cases is significantly lower in comparison to the England average.
- The weekly counts of cases saw a peak towards the end of April and a smaller peak around mid-June, and there has been an increasing trend of cases since the end of August. The latest weekly counts of cases have decreased from 107 in w/c 5th October to 82 in w/c 12th October.
- The latest weekly counts of deaths involving Covid-19 shows no deaths were recorded in Harborough in the past nine weeks (week 33 to week 41).
- **Charnwood** has the second highest rate of Covid-19 cases and fourth highest rate of deaths in the county. The rate of cumulative cases is significantly higher in comparison to the England average.
- The weekly counts of cases saw a peak around mid-May, there has been increasing trend since the end of August. The latest weekly counts of cases have decreased from 448 in w/c 5th October to 380 in w/c 12th October.
- The latest weeks data shows no deaths involving Covid-19 in Charnwood in week 41.

- Melton has the second lowest rate of Covid-19 cases in the county and the second lowest rate of
 deaths in the county. The rate of cumulative cases is significantly lower than the England
 average.
- The latest weekly counts of cases have increased, from 45 in w/c 5th October to 51 in w/c 12th October.
- The latest weeks data shows one death involving Covid-19 was recorded in Melton in week 41, this occurred in a hospital setting.
- North West Leicestershire has the lowest rate of Covid-19 cases and lowest rate in deaths in the county. The rate of cumulative cases is significantly lower than the England average.
- The weekly counts of cases had shown a declining trend since the middle of June, however an increase in counts of cases has been witnessed since mid-September. The weekly count of cases have increased from 128 in w/c 5th October to 73 in w/c 12th October.
- The latest weekly counts of deaths involving Covid-19 shows no deaths were recorded in North West Leicestershire in the past 11 weeks (week 31 to week 41).



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